

A Bayesian Multilevel Modeling Approach to Time Series Cross-Sectional Data

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- In conjunction, powerful tests of theory

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 - * Through the error
 - * Through a lag
 - ★ No correlation between unit effects and \mathbf{X} .

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- Missing Monte Carlo analysis of BML under various conditions

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 - * Better estimates of uncertainty

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 - ★ They do not require attaining some threshold value for N or T

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- We varied N, T, heteroscedasticity, contemporaneous correlation, and the scale of the unit effects
- Ran estimators for **Nsim** data sets

Bias

How biased are these estimators on average?

$$\text{Bias} = 100 \cdot (\bar{\beta} / \beta_{true}) \quad (5)$$

Bias

	N	T	Cor	Het	A.Sc	OLS Bias	FE Bias	BML Bias
1	15	5	0.25	0.3	5	101	100	100
2	15	20	0.25	0.3	5	100	100	100
3	15	50	0.25	0.3	5	100	100	100
4	5	20	0.25	0.3	5	101	100	100
5	50	20	0.25	0.3	5	100	100	100
6	500	20	0.25	0.3	5	100	100	100
7	15	20	0.25	0.0	5	100	100	100
8	15	20	0.25	0.6	5	100	100	100
9	15	20	0.25	0.9	5	100	100	100
10	15	20	0.01	0.3	5	100	100	100
11	15	20	0.50	0.3	5	100	100	100
12	15	20	0.75	0.3	5	100	100	100
13	15	20	0.25	0.3	1	100	100	100
14	15	20	0.25	0.3	10	100	100	100
15	15	20	0.25	0.3	25	100	100	100

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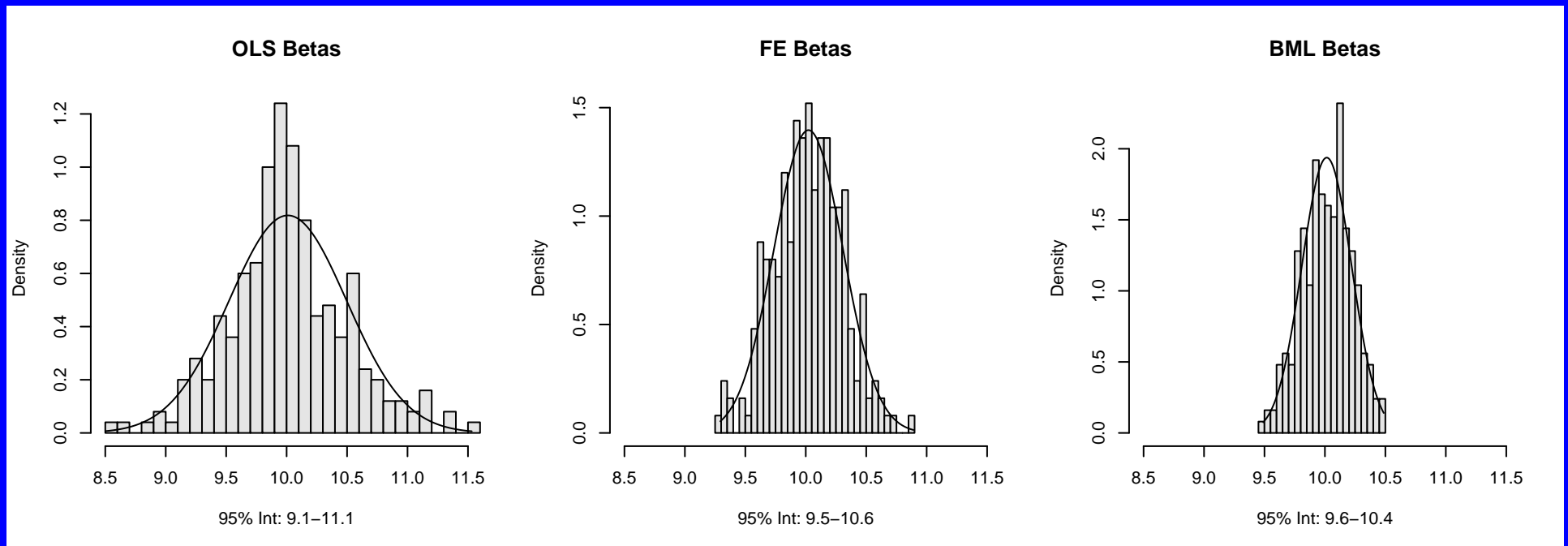


Figure 1: Histogram of estimated β s for Ordinary Least Squares, Fixed Effects, and Bayesian multilevel models. $N(\text{sims}) = 250$, $N = 15$, $T = 20$, $\text{Cor} = 0.25$, $\text{Het} = 0.3$, $A.\text{Scale} = 5$.

RMSE/Efficiency

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$$\text{Relative Efficiency} = 100 \cdot \frac{\text{RMSE}_{OLS|FE}}{\text{RMSE}_{BML}} \quad (7)$$

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	N	T	Cor	Het	A.Sc	OLS RMSE	FE RMSE	BML RMSE	OLS/BML Eff	FE/BM Eff
1	15	5	0.25	0.3	5	1.33	0.73	0.57	233	128
2	15	20	0.25	0.3	5	0.49	0.29	0.21	233	138
3	15	50	0.25	0.3	5	0.25	0.17	0.13	192	131
4	5	20	0.25	0.3	5	1.06	0.61	0.38	279	161
5	50	20	0.25	0.3	5	0.25	0.16	0.11	227	145
6	500	20	0.25	0.3	5	0.18	0.11	0.08	225	138
7	15	20	0.25	0.0	5	0.77	0.52	0.37	208	141
8	15	20	0.25	0.6	5	0.33	0.13	0.10	330	130
9	15	20	0.25	0.9	5	0.27	0.03	0.02	1350	150
10	15	20	0.01	0.3	5	0.45	0.30	0.22	205	136
11	15	20	0.50	0.3	5	0.51	0.28	0.17	300	165
12	15	20	0.75	0.3	5	0.54	0.29	0.13	415	223
13	15	20	0.25	0.3	1	0.40	0.29	0.21	190	138
14	15	20	0.25	0.3	10	0.68	0.29	0.21	324	138
15	15	20	0.25	0.3	25	1.42	0.29	0.20	710	145

Standard Errors

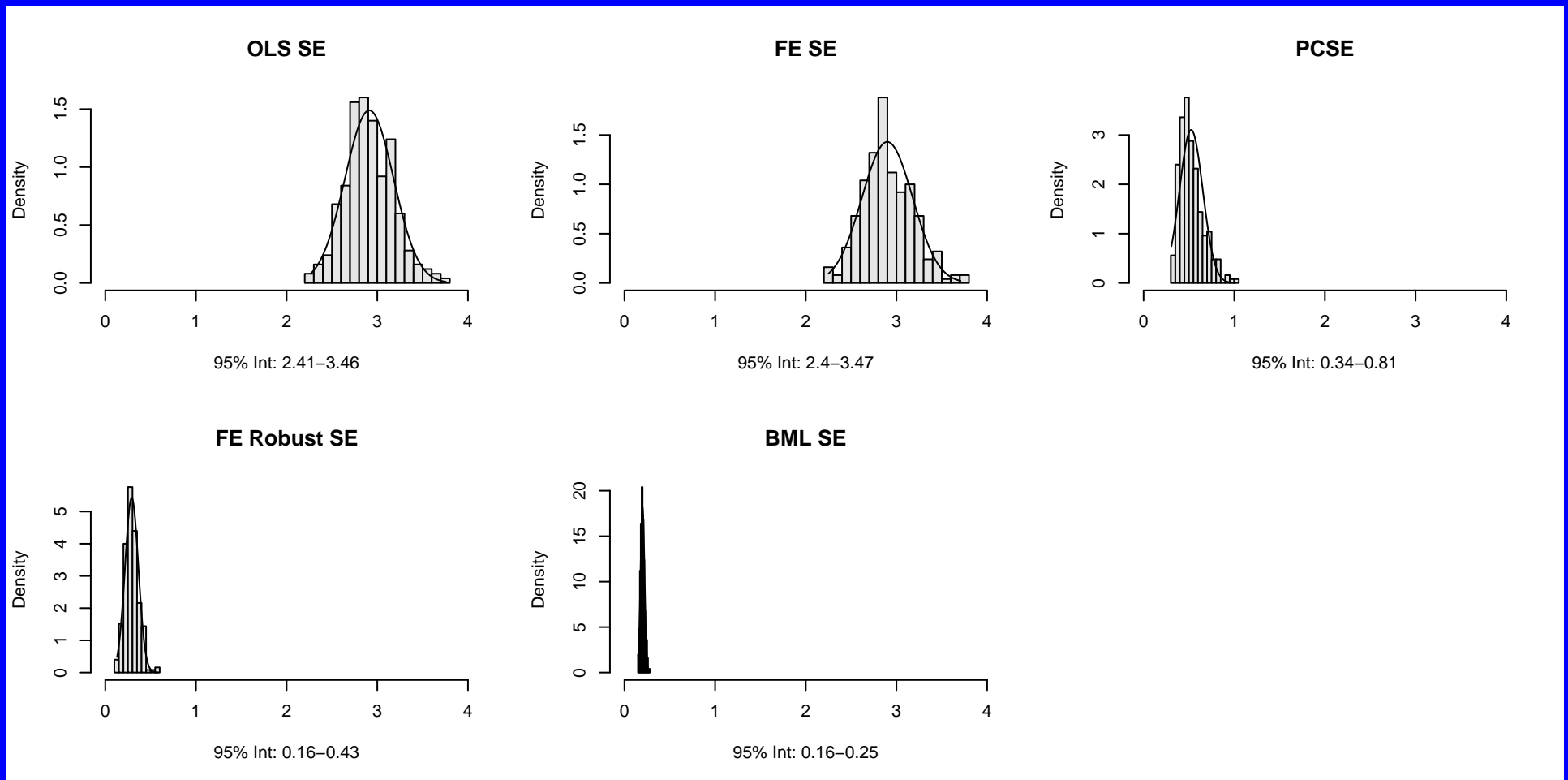


Figure 2: Histogram of estimated *S.E.s* for Ordinary Least Squares, Fixed Effects, and Bayesian multilevel models. $N(\text{sims}) = 250$, $N = 15$, $T = 20$, $Cor = 0.25$, $Het = 0.3$, $A.Scale = 5$.

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- But is this false confidence? No.

$$\text{Optimism} = 100 \cdot \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{l=1}^{nsims} (\beta^{(l)} - \bar{\beta})^2}}{\sqrt{\sum_{l=1}^{nsims} (s.e.(\beta^{(l)}))^2}} \quad (8)$$

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12	15	20	0.75	0.3	5	19	10	82	94	101
13	15	20	0.25	0.3	1	14	10	87	95	102
14	15	20	0.25	0.3	10	23	10	93	95	102
15	15	20	0.25	0.3	25	44	10	95	95	102

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- Serial correlation
- Varying slopes
- Increase cross-level correlation between unit effects and X
- Test against well-known applications of TSCS data