Syntax 1 homework (due Tuesday, 11/15)

Identifying language types

For each set of language data, identify the type of the language, and briefly justify your decision in prose.

Language A (In the glosses, PRT stands for 'particle': it's your job to determine what these particles mark. The bracketing is for your aid: the particles go with the following NP. Ignore the morphophonological variation exhibited in the 'article' e~he.)

(1)	a.	na'e lea	[ˈa Tolu].	'Tolu spoke
		PAST spea	k prt Tolu	

- na'e lea ['a e talavou]. 'The youth spoke.'
 PAST speak PRT the youth
- c. na'e tâmate'i ['a e talavou] ['e Tolu]. 'Tolu killed the youth.'
 PAST kill PRT the youth PRT Tolu
- d. na'e tāmate'i ['a Tolu] ['e he talavou]. 'The youth killed Tolu.'

 PAST kill PRT Tolu PRT the youth

Language B

- (2) a. Ngathu thaji-ya inhaka kathi-nha. 'I am eating this meat.' 1sg eat-PRES this meat
 - b. Nga-nja thaji-li-ya (kathi-ku). 'I would eat meat.' lsg eat-ANTIPASS-PRES meat-DAT

Language C

- (3) a. So wodu. 'I go.'
 - 1s
 - b. As begabo palas. 'I shake the carpet.'
 - c. So wozhe. 'I fell.' (unmarked for intention.)
 - d. As wozhe. 'I fell.' (on purpose)

Language D

(4)	a.	d-θád	he/she's gone
	b.	h-θád	we've gone
	c.	h-l-bád	she saw us
	d.	h-y-bád	he saw us
	e.	d-h-bád	we saw him/her

Language E

- (5) a. zə nənawəz-əm. 'I(m/f) enter/I shall enter' 1sg enter-1s
 - zə Xəja wîn-əm 'I(m/f) see the woman.'
 1sg woman see-1s
 - c. zə tā wîn-əm 'I(m/f) see you(sg., m/f).'
- (6) a. mā kāNay achawəlay day 'I(m/f) have thrown a stone.' 1s stone(m) thrown(m) be.3s(m)
 - b. tā zə achawəlay yem 'You(m/f) have thrown me(m).' 2s 1s thrown(m) be.1s

Language F

- (7) a. Vajza vjen. 'The girl comes.' the girl(f) come.3s
 - b. Shoku vjen. 'The friend(m) comes.' the friend(m) come.3s
 - c. Vajza con shokun. 'The girl takes the friend(m)' the girl(f) take.3s the friend(m)
 - d. Shoku çon vajzën. 'The friend(m) takes the girl.' the friend(m) take.3s the girl(f)